# Exhibit M

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AMER CANCER RESEARCH

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#### EXPERIMENTAL THERAPEUTICS

#### 1944

Synergy of Nevelbino-Texol Combination Treatment in Two Human Breat Cancer Cell Lines. David J. Adams, Division of Cell Blology, Wellcome Research Leboratories, Rossarth Ydangle Park, NC 27709.

The interaction of Navebine 9 (vinoreibine) with Jaxol (pacitiaxe)) was evaluated by the method of Chou and Talainy in two human breast cancer cell lines, MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231, which are models for the early and progressive forms of disease, respectively. Tumor cells were exposed concurrently of sequentially to drugs for three or four days, followed by 24 h recovery to drug-free medium. Visible (by callular metabolism) or fotal cell number, by problem or DNA content) was then determined employing standard derives from drug-treated cells. The feating administrator (1) Taxol and Navelbine are synengistic when administrator concurrently in a moder ratio of 0.1 to 10 (Taxol Navelbine); (2) synengy docums over a range of activity-(20-80% inhibition of cell growth); (3) active concentrations of the drugs in midblion of cell growth; (3) active concentrations of the drugs in combination are clinically achievables (a.g., 10-50's = 1-10 nM); and (4) the combination is antagonistic when cells are exposed to Taxol for 24 h pries to the addition of Navelbine, Overall these findings provide a The Interaction of Navellines (Onoreibine) win Jamis (pacifiaxe) h priet to the addition of Navebline, Overall, these findings provide a rationale for the clinical evaluation of concurrent combination chamatherapy with Navalbine and Taxol in human breast cancer.

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WHA. rigoli Rd**e** = e la Proclinical activity of Navoralne® and Taxof drug populinations. Rick V.C., Ebornain, D.J. & Riller, C.G. Division of Cell Biology. Walcome Research Laboratories, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709, Navolbine® (NVB). 5-not-anhydrovinthastine, and Taxof (TAX): (NSC 125973) have demonstrated clinical activity against ovarian, breast and non-small cell lung carcinoma. NVB acts to depolymenta microtubules and TAX acts to stabilize polymentaed lubulin into microtubule bundless. Since NVB and TAX attack the microtubular lution microtubule bundless. Since NVB and TAX attack the microtubular lution microtubule dundless. Since NVB and TAX attack the microtubular layorated fire interaction of the two drugs in a binary combination. Dose-randing and achieving turnibus work conducted against interperioneally (IP) implanted PDBB laukenia. Both agents work given IP and optimal activity was noted on a q-dod schedular with NVB administered thirty to sury influtes before TAX. In two experiments, INVB alone at 10 mg/kg produced weight loss (10 and 15%), early drug-related deaths (a/5 and 2/5) and increased life span (ILS) (18 and 145%) while TAX alone at 38 mg/kg was non-toxic with 55% and 84% ILS. There were no 60 day survivors with either agent alone. The NVB-TAX combination significantly reduced the weight loss or provided a stight weight gain, aliminated carry drug-related deaths and improved the ILS to 118 and 227 with 475 and 13 60 day turnor free survivors respectively. Studies 10 contiem thas nearlies across turnor appectively. Studies 10 contiem thas nearlies acrinical turnor are peculiar expendito. 45 and 1/5 do day tumor free survivors respectively. Studies to confirm these results against human xenografit tumors are ongoing.

## 1946

Docetazel (RP 56978, Taxotere®) efficacy as a single agent or in combination against mammary tumors in mice. Bissery, MC, Vrignaud, P., Bayssas, M., and Lavelle, F. Phone-Poulenc Rore S.A., 94403 Vity-sur-Seine, France.

Docetazel (T) is a new antitumor agent undergoing Phase II clipical blats with promising activity in breast cancer (Proc. ASCO 12: 27, 1993). It was evaluated against 4 moves mammary tumors MA13/C, MA15/C, MA17/A, MA44. Early stage MA13/C and MA16/C were found highly sensitive to T with 0% T/C (modinal autor weight of the breated over the control x 1001 and complete. aumor weight of the treated over the control x 100) and complete regressions of advanced stage disease were obtained. MA44 were regressions of advanced stage disease were obtained. MA44 was modestly sensitive to T (T/C=39%) and MA17/A was not sensitive (T/C=59%). T was further evaluated in combination with depondent (A), 5-fluorouraci) (F), cyclophosphamide (C), mibriyoln C (MC), vineristine (VCR), vinblastine (VLB) and vincretible (NVB) against MA13/C using simultaneous administration. The maximum telerated dose of each drug that could be administrated in combination without stiditional loudity was 60-70% for T-A, T-F, T-C, T-MC and 80-100% for T-VCR, T-VLB and T-NVB. These data are of importance for the design of three portaination materials. future combination trials in human breast cancer.

#### 1947

1948

Antiproliferative effects of the retinoid fearestable (4HPR) on human ovarian circinoma cell lines. Supino, R., Clerici, M., Formelli, F. Istituta Nazionale Tumori, 20133 Millan, Italy Recently we showed that 4HPR, a symbolic retinoid currently tested clinically, inhibits the "la vivo" growth of the human ovarian curcinoma IGROV-1 and enhances the antitumer activity of eisplain (DDP) against this timor. The effects of 4HPR on ovarian tumors have been facther studied in four cell lines "ho viror" A2780, IGROV-1, SW626 and DVCA432. The inhibition of cell growth was concentration dependent and reversible after drug removal. A2780 was the most sensitive line. Its growth was inhibited by 50% by 9 p.M. 4HPR, a concentration which is pharmacologically achievable in patients. The other cell lines were 10 times loss sensitive. Following 4HPR treatment, A2780 showed an increase of cell number in S-O2 plates, of p53 expression and of appetate events. The cell cycle was not affected in the other cell lines. The effects of the combination of 4HPR with DDP were fended on A2780 and IGROV-1, A2780 was also more sensitive to DDP (ID50: .2 AM in A2780, .5 pM in IGROV-1). The addition of an ID30 of 4HPR to varying concentrations of DDP resulted in a greater than additive effect in both lines. These results indicate that activity of DDP are correlated to direct growth inhibitary effects on ovarian curcinoma cell lines.

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Agent E. C. Wacher, B. J. Kirin, O. J. Theres F. J. Sambara, M. S. Dippeld, W. J. Mayer some alternatives, E. J. J. Johnson Governor, T. J. Sambara, M. S. Dippeld, W. J. Mayer some alternatives, E. J. J. Johnson Governor, J. J. Madininah challets Right, S. Johnson Governor, J. Madininah challets Right, J. Johnson Governor, J. J. Madininah challets Right, Johnson Governor, J. Madininah challets Right, J. Johnson Governor, J. J. Madininah Right, J. Johnson Governor, J. Madininah Right, J. J. Johnson Governor, J. Madininah Right of FU Wh has accountable deposit of FO Who shows the survey of the properties of the survey of

## 1949

Combined effects of taxel and a vitamin D agonist against breast and avarian cancer kells. Saunders, D.E., Christensen, C., Wapplet, N.L., Lawrence, W.D., Malone, J.M., Malviys, V.K., and Deppe, G. Depts of Pathology and OB/GYN, Wayne State University, Detroit, MI 42/21

Detroit, MI 48201

Taxol has demonstrated effectiveness against breast and ovarian malignancies, and its effectivenest buy be increased by combining it with other anticascer agents. We have physicusly shown that NIH: OVCAR3 human ovarian and MCF-7 human breast cancer cells were effectively growth inhibited when taxol was combined with calcimiot, the most scove natural vitamin D metabolize. The function study involved in vitro evaluation of the effectiveness of combining much with EB 1089, a potent second-generation, analog of vitamin D. OVCAR3 cells were exposed 3 days to axed (0-4.5 ag/ml) stone and if combination with EB 1089 (0-100 n/O, followed by measurement of growth inhibition with an MTT dye reduction axeasy. EB 1089 substantially enthanced insol's effects and includent white Individual control is active to a service of the combination of the combination with the latter scholosysthic university showed that the intersection between the 2 agents reduction array. E81089 substantially enhanced insol's effects and isobolographic unalysis showed that the interaction between the 2 agents paged from additivity to synergism. MCF-7 reals were exposed to 0-9 agent taxol and 0-9 am E81089. Addition of 0-9 am E81089 to 0-9 agent taxol and 0-9 am E81089, Addition of 0-9 am E81089 to 0-9 agent taxol and taxol and taxol are also effectiveness against MCF-7 cells. Taxol and E81089 interacted additions of E81089 taxy interacts. These experiments suggest that the addition of E81089 taxy interacts the effectiveness of taxol against OVCAR3 overlan and MCF-7 breast cancer cells.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR CANCER RESEARCH VOLUME 35 - MARCH 1994